

# Index

## A

- Aardvark, 147  
AD. *See* Alzheimer's disease  
Adenomatous polyposis coli (APC), 9–11, 16  
  axon terminal remodeling, 287  
   $\beta$ -catenin  
    binding sites, 94  
    destruction role, 93–98  
    mutation in cancer, 254, 395–396  
Adenomatous polyposis coli down-regulated-1 (APCDD1), Wnt signaling inhibition, 51  
AlIV. *See* Avian leukosis virus  
Alzheimer's disease (AD)  
  LRP6 Alzheimer's disease variants, 293  
  Wnt signaling and therapeutic targeting, 426, 430  
Androgen receptor (AR)  
   $\beta$ -catenin binding, 118  
  Wnt cross-talk in cancer, 400  
AP-1,  $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 136  
APC. *See* Adenomatous polyposis coli  
APCDD1. *See* Adenomatous polyposis coli down-regulated-1  
AR. *See* Androgen receptor  
Armadillo, 10–11  
Arrow  
  history of study, 12  
  homologs. *See* Lipoprotein receptor-related protein mutants, 69  
  structure, 70  
Avian leukosis virus (ALV), history of study, 3  
Axin, 11, 14, 34, 70  
   $\beta$ -catenin  
    destruction complex, 92–93  
    phosphorylation inhibition after receptor activation, 79–82  
  domains, 92–93  
  recruitment, 75  
  therapeutic targeting, 435  
  tumor suppressor genes, 396  
  Wnt signaling overview, 74  
Axis specification  
  anteroposterior axis specification  
    Dkk1 and patterning, 42–43, 45, 201–202, 221  
    mouse, 220–221  
    zygotic Wnt signaling, 201–202  
  cross-talk between Wnt and other pathways, 205–207  
  dorsoventral axis specification, 199–201, 203

- pathway switch mechanisms, 204–205  
prospects for study, 207  
TCF function regulation, 203–204  
transcriptional targets of Wnt pathway, 202–203  
Wnt signaling overview, 197–199

Axon. *See* Central nervous system

## B

- BAR-1, 184–186  
Basal cell carcinoma (BCC), Wnt signaling, 338  
BCC. *See* Basal cell carcinoma  
B cell, Wnt signaling in development, 314–315  
 $\beta$ -Catenin  
  APC interactions, 9–10  
  *Caenorhabditis elegans*  
    BAR-1 pathway, 186  
     $\beta$ -catenin-independent signaling, 186  
    destruction complex, 184  
    types, 184–186  
    Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin asymmetry pathway, 188–189  
  canonical Wnt signaling  
    outside of TCF/LEF, 118–119  
    overview, 65–66  
  destruction complex  
    APC role, 93–94  
    axin as phosphorylation scaffold, 92  
     $\beta$ -catenin phosphorylation, 94–95  
    cycling, 95–96  
    kinases, 91  
    localization, 98–99  
    overview, 89–90  
    proteasomal degradation, 90–91, 96–97  
    sequestration of  $\beta$ -catenin, 97–98  
    tumor suppressor genes, 396–397  
  embryonic stem cell  
    Oct4– $\beta$ -catenin interaction, 240–241  
    stability role in glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibition, 239–240  
  Tcf-dependent mechanisms and Wnt-stabilized  $\beta$ -catenin, 242–246  
  histone modification regulation, 112–114  
  phosphorylation inhibition after receptor activation, 79–82  
  signaling cascade from cell surface to nucleus, 10–11  
  TCF/LEF binding domain, 106–107  
  transcriptional targets in axis specification, 202–203

## Index

- Biglycan, 32  
BMP. *See* Bone morphogenetic proteins  
Bone  
anatomy, 267  
development  
Dickkopf role, 45–46  
overview, 265–267  
Wnt/β-catenin signaling in cartilage and joint formation, 271–272  
lithium effects, 436  
Wnt/β-catenin signaling  
cancer and metastasis, 276–277  
fracture healing, 275–276  
human bone disease, 268–270  
osteoblast  
differentiation and maturation, 270–271  
function, 272–274  
osteocyte, 274–275  
regenerative medicine, 432  
Bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), axis specification and Wnt cross-talk, 205–207  
Brachury, 148  
Brain. *See* Central nervous system  
Breast cancer. *See also* Mammary gland  
growth and Wnt signaling  
E-cadherin loss, 354–355  
nuclear β-catenin, 354  
overview, 352–354  
Wnt-dependent subpopulations, 354  
human cell studies of Wnt signaling, 402–403
- C**
- Caenorhabditis elegans*, Wnt signaling  
β-catenin-independent signaling, 186  
components of canonical signaling  
β-catenins, 184–186  
BAR-1 pathway, 186  
destruction complex, 184  
Dishevelled, 184  
Frizzled, 183–184  
table, 180  
TCF/LEF, 185–186  
Wnt ligands and inhibitors, 181–183  
conserved metazoan components, 180–181  
embryonic endoderm induction, P2/EMS signaling, 189–191  
neuromuscular junction development. *See* Neuromuscular junction  
overview, 179–180  
prospects for study, 191–192  
QL neuroblast progeny migration regulation, 186–188  
Wnt/β-catenin asymmetry pathway, 188–189  
E-Cadherin, loss in breast cancer, 354–355
- Calcium/calmodulin-dependent kinase-II (CaMKII), synaptic function, 289–290  
Calcium flux, β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 137  
CaMKII. *See* Calcium/calmodulin-dependent kinase-II  
Cancer. *See also* specific cancers  
history of Wnt studies, 9–10  
oncogenes, 395–396  
tumor suppressor genes, 395–397  
Wnt signaling  
chronic injury and prolonged Wnt signaling, 415–416  
cross-talk with other pathways, 399–401  
defects, 398, 424  
epigenetic modulation, 397–399  
human cell studies, 401–404  
therapeutic targeting  
non-canonical signaling, 425–426  
overview, 424  
patient survival correlation with β-catenin, 424–425  
Cancer stem cell (CSC)  
intestine, 258–259  
stomach, 259  
Casein kinase-1 (CK1)  
β-catenin destruction complex, 91  
phosphorylation of LRP6, 72, 75–78  
therapeutic targeting, 436  
CBP. *See* CREB-binding protein  
Cdc42, β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 135–136  
CE. *See* Convergent extension  
Central nervous system (CNS), Wnt function  
axon guidance, 284–285  
axon terminal remodeling, 287  
disease and deregulation, 293  
forebrain development  
cell adhesion, 303–304  
expression patterns, 298–299  
lamination, 304  
overview, 297–298  
patterning, 299–302  
prospects for study, 304–305  
radial glia regulation and intermediate progenitor fate, 302–303  
ventral forebrain neurogenesis, 304  
neuronal activity regulation of Wnt release and receptor localization, 290–291  
prospects for study, 293–294  
synapse formation  
excitatory versus inhibitory synapses, 289–290  
overview, 287  
postsynaptic assembly, 289  
presynaptic assembly, 287–289  
synapse plasticity, 291–293  
topographical map formation in brain, 285–287

Cerberus  
knockout mice, 44  
overview, 49–50

CK1. *see* Casein kinase-1

Clozapine, Wnt signaling effects, 436  
CNS. *See* Central nervous system

Convergent extension (CE)  
β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 129, 135–136  
core proteins, 135  
effectors, 135–136

CREB-binding protein (CBP), cancer mutations, 397

Cripto, 221

CSC. *See* Cancer stem cell

## D

DACT3, repression in colorectal cancer, 399

Derailed, history of study, 13

Destruction complex. *See* β-Catenin

Development. *See* Axis specification; Bone; Central nervous system; Mouse development; Neuromuscular junction; Skin

Dickkopf (Dkk)

Alzheimer's disease expression, 293  
cancer expression of DKK1, 276–277  
developmental function  
anteroposterior patterning and Dkk1, 42–43, 45, 201–202, 221

limb, bone, and eye formation, 45–46

Dkk2 inhibition and activation of Wnt signaling pathway, 42

injury repair therapeutic targeting of DKK1, 417

knockout mice, 44

mechanism of action, 40–42

pathology, 46

structure, 40

therapeutic targeting, 434, 437

*DISC1*, 293, 426

Dishevelled (DVL)

β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 132–133

*Caenorhabditis elegans*, 184

dorsoventral axis specification, 200

Frizzled interactions, 74–75

structure, 67

therapeutic targeting, 434–435

Wnt signaling overview, 73–74

DKK. *See* Dickkopf

*Drosophila*. *See* Neuromuscular junction; Wingless

DVL. *See* Dishevelled

## E

EGFR. *See* Epidermal growth factor receptor

Embryonic stem cell (ESC)

comparison of mouse and human, 234–235

culture, 233–234

transcription factors in self-renewal, 235

Wnt signaling

cell differentiation inhibition, 235–237

glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibition

β-catenin stability role, 239–240

pluripotency state dependence, 238–239

Oct4–β-catenin interaction, 240–241

prospects for study, 246

self-renewal stimulation, 237–238

Tcf-dependent mechanisms

Tcf3 in self-renewal, 241–242

Wnt-stabilized β-catenin, 242–246

Emx2, forebrain patterning, 301–302

Ephrin, topographical map formation in brain, 286–287

Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR), 166, 400

Epigenetics, modulation of Wnt signaling, 397–399

ESC. *See* Embryonic stem cell

Evi. *See* *Wntless*

Evolution, Wnt pathway

bilaterians

Deuterostomia, 153–154

Ecdysozoa, 153

gene distribution, 152

Lophotrochozoa, 151, 153

gene synteny and evolution, 154

*Hydra* organizer

local restriction, 157

short- and long-range signaling, 155–157

metazoan conserved elements, 180–181

overview, 145–146

pre-bilaterians

Cnidaria, 150–151

Ctenophora, 150

overview, 148

Placozoa, 149–150

Porifera, 148–149

pre-metazoans

ligands of Wnt, 146

receptors and mediators, 146–148

transcription factors and target genes, 148

## F

Familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP)

gene mutations. *See* Adenomatous polyposis coli

Wnt pathway

activating mutations, 254

therapeutic targeting, 432–433

FAP. *See* Familial adenomatous polyposis

FDH. *See* Focal dermal hypoplasia

FGF. *See* Fibroblast growth factor

Fibroblast growth factor (FGF)

axis specification and Wnt cross-talk, 206–207

forebrain patterning, 301

skin development, 319

Focal dermal hypoplasia (FDH), 28

## Index

Fracture, Wnt/β-catenin signaling in healing, 275–276  
Frizzled  
  axon guidance, 284  
  β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 131–132  
  *Caenorhabditis elegans*, 183–184  
  complex with Wnt and LRP5/6, 72–73  
  Dishevelled interactions, 74–75  
  history of study, 11–12  
  human genes, 66  
  neuromuscular junction development, 383–384  
  planar cell polarity role, 66  
  presynaptic assembly role, 288  
  therapeutic targeting, 434  
  trafficking, 31  
  Wnt–cysteine-rich domain interactions, 66–69  
Fumagillin, Wnt signaling effects, 438

## G

Gastrulation, mouse Wnt signaling, 219–221  
Gli1, forebrain patterning, 300  
Glycogen synthase kinase-3 (GSK-3), 10, 34  
  β-catenin  
    destruction complex, 91  
    phosphorylation inhibition after receptor activation, 79–82  
  embryonic stem cell inhibition  
    β-catenin stability role, 239–240  
    pluripotency state dependence, 238–239  
  evolution, 146–147  
  inhibitors, 436–437  
  phosphorylation of LRP6, 75–76  
Glycans, 32  
Gpr49. *See* Lgr5  
G-proteins, β-catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 136–137  
GSK-3. *See* Glycogen synthase kinase-3

## H

Hair follicle (HF), Wnt signaling  
  anatomy, 320  
  cycling changes, 328–333  
  development, 319–322, 328  
  diseases, 337–338  
  mouse mutation models, 323–327  
  orientation in mouse, 225  
  prospects for study, 338–339  
Hematopoietic stem cell (HSC)  
  hematopoiesis  
    overview, 309–310  
    Wnt signaling activation, 310–312  
  lymphocyte development and Wnt signaling, 314–315  
  niche, 311–312  
  Wnt signaling manipulation

gain-of-function studies, 312–313  
loss-of-function studies, 313–314  
HF. *See* Hair follicle  
HIPK2, phosphorylation of TCF/LEF, 116–117  
Histone modification, regulation by TCF/LEF-β-catenin, 112–114  
HIV. *See* Human immunodeficiency virus  
HMP-2, 184–185  
HSC. *See* Hematopoietic stem cell  
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), Wnt signaling, 423

## I

IGFBP-4. *See* Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-4  
Implantation, mouse Wnt signaling, 218  
Inflammation, Wnt signaling, 413–414  
Injury repair, Wnt signaling  
  chronic injury, prolonged signaling, and cancer, 415–416  
  fracture, 275–276  
  inflammatory response, 413–414  
  overview, 409–411  
  prospects for study, 417–418  
  regeneration of tissues  
    capacity across species, 410  
    Wnt signaling, 411–412  
  therapeutic applications, 416–417  
  wound repair phase response  
    initial phase, 412–413  
    proliferative phase, 414–415  
Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-4 (IGFBP-4)  
  knockout mice, 44  
  Wnt signaling mediation, 50

## Int1

  developmental genetics, 6–7  
  history of study, 3–8  
  knockout mouse, 7–8  
  mechanism elucidation, 5–6  
  molecular cloning, 3–5  
  Wnt1 renaming, 8, 25

Intestinal stem cell  
  anatomy overview, 252–253  
  cancer stem cells, 258–259  
  characteristics, 254–257  
  derivation, 431  
  maintenance by TCF4, 16  
  markers, 255–257  
  R-spondin signaling mediation by Lgr receptors, 259–260  
Wnt signaling  
  activating mutations in cancer, 254  
  crypt self-renewal, 253–254  
IWP, 34  
IWR, 34

J

JNK. *See Jun N-terminal kinase*  
Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK),  $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 135–136

K

Kremen, Dickkopf binding, 40–42

L

LEF. *See TCF/LEF*  
Leukemia, Wnt signaling  
  myeloid leukemia, 315–316  
  T-cell leukemia, 316  
Lgr5  
  gastric stem cell expression, 257–258  
  intestinal stem cell expression, 255–257  
  R-spondin signaling mediation by Lgr receptors, 259–260  
Lhx2, forebrain patterning, 301  
Lin-17, 389  
Lin-44, 388  
Lipoprotein receptor-related protein (LRP)  
  Dickkopf binding, 40–42  
  history of study, 12  
  LRP5/6  
    Alzheimer's disease LRP6 variants, 293  
    complex with Frizzled and Wnt, 72–73  
    extracellular domain, 69, 71  
    mouse mutant studies of development, 220–221  
    osteoporosis pseudoglioma syndrome LRP5 mutations, 268–269  
    phosphorylation of LRP6  
      axin recruitment, 75  
      kinases and regulation, 75–78  
      models, 77  
      sites, 72  
    signalosome, 78–79  
    structure, 70  
    Wnt-binding surfaces of LRP6, 71–72  
  mutations, 17  
  R-spondin binding, 52–53  
  therapeutic targeting, 434, 437  
LIT1/NLK, phosphorylation of TCF/LEF, 116–117  
Lithium, Wnt signaling effects, 436  
LRP. *See Lipoprotein receptor-related protein*  
Lung cancer, human cell studies of Wnt signaling, 403  
Lymphoid enhancer factor. *See TCF/LEF*  
Lymphoma, Wnt signaling, 316

M

Mammary gland. *See also Breast cancer*  
anatomy in mouse, 346

canonical versus non-canonical Wnt signaling, 350–352  
cell fate plasticity and Wnt signaling, 347–349  
expression and function of cell surface Wnt signaling components, 356–365  
mouse models for Wnt studies, 345–347  
prospects for study, 355, 366  
stem cell niche and Wnt signaling, 349–350  
Wnt4 function, 352  
MBOAT. *See Membrane-bound O-acyltransferases*  
Meetings, Wnt research, 14–16  
Melanocyte, Wnt signaling, 335–337  
Membrane-bound O-acyltransferases (MBOAT),  
  Wnt processing, 28  
Microphtalmia-associated transcription factor (MITF), 335–337  
MIG-14. *See Wntless*  
MITF. *See Microphtalmia-associated transcription factor*  
MMTV. *See Mouse mammary tumor virus*  
MOM1. *See Porcupine*  
MOM2. *See Wnt*  
MOM5. *See Frizzled*  
Morphogenesis, mouse non-canonical Wnt signaling, 225  
Mouse development  
  canonical Wnt signaling in early development  
    anteroposterior axis specification, 220–221  
    gastrulation, 219–221  
    implantation, 218  
    overview, 217–218  
    suppression in anterior patterning, 221  
    tail bud formation, somitogenesis, and left-right determination, 222–223  
  neuromuscular junction. *See Neuromuscular junction*  
  planar cell polarity and non-canonical Wnt signaling  
    epiblast cell polarity, 223–224  
    hair follicle orientation, 225  
    limb development, 226–228  
    morphogenesis, 225  
    neural tube closure, 225  
    nodal cilia, 224  
    overview, 223  
    stereociliary bundle orientation, 224–225  
    prospects for study, 228  
Mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV), history of study, 2–5, 9  
c-Myc, history of study, 3

N

Nanog, embryonic stem cell self-renewal, 235  
Neural tube, closure and mouse non-canonical Wnt signaling, 225

## Index

- Neuromuscular junction (NMJ)  
invertebrate development and Wnt signaling  
*Caenorhabditis elegans*, 388–389  
*Drosophila* larva, 381–388
- vertebrate development  
overview, 376
- Wnt signaling  
components, 376–377  
negative regulation, 380–381  
positive regulation, 377–380
- Wnt signaling  
overview, 373–375  
prospects for study, 389–390
- Nexins, sorting nexins, 31
- NFAT,  $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 137
- NMJ. *See* Neuromuscular junction
- Nodal, 220, 223
- Norrin  
developmental function, 55  
knockout mice, 45  
Wnt signaling activation, 55
- Notch, Wnt cross-talk in cancer, 400–401
- O**
- Oct4  
 $\beta$ -catenin interaction in stem cells, 240–241  
embryonic stem cell self-renewal, 235, 238
- Odonto-onycho-dermal dysplasia, Wnt signaling, 338
- OPPG. *See* Osteoporosis pseudoglioma syndrome
- Osteoblast, Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin signaling  
differentiation and maturation, 270–271  
function, 272–274
- Osteocyte, Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin signaling, 274–275
- Osteoporosis, Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin signaling mutations, 268–269
- Osteoporosis pseudoglioma syndrome (OPPG), Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin signaling, 268–269, 432
- Oto, Wnt processing, 28
- P**
- Patterning. *See* Axis specification
- PCP. *See* Planar cell polarity
- Phenylmethimazole, Wnt signaling effects, 438
- Planar cell polarity (PCP)  
 $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 128–129, 135–136  
core proteins, 135  
effectors, 135–136
- Frizzled role, 66
- mouse non-canonical Wnt signaling  
epiblast cell polarity, 223–224  
hair follicle orientation, 225  
limb development, 226–228
- morphogenesis, 225
- neural tube closure, 225
- nodal cilia, 224
- overview, 223
- stereociliary bundle orientation, 224–225
- POP1, 116, 185, 190–191
- PORCN, 28, 34
- Porcupine  
*Caenorhabditis elegans*, 182  
history of study, 13
- Prickle, 135
- Prostaglandins, Wnt cross-talk in cancer, 399–400
- PSD95, 289
- Pyrvinium, Wnt signaling inhibition, 433
- Pyruvate kinase, Wnt cross-talk in cancer, 400
- R**
- RA. *See* Rheumatoid arthritis
- Rac,  $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 135–136
- Radial glia. *See* Central nervous system
- Regeneration. *See* Injury repair
- Rheumatoid arthritis (RA), Wnt signaling and therapeutic targeting, 431
- Rho,  $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 135–136
- Rhomboid, 166
- Riluzole, melanoma trials, 438
- ROR  
 $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 133–134  
history of study, 13
- Rspo. *See* R-spondin
- R-spondin (Rspo)  
cancer role, 55  
developmental function  
female sex determination and Rspo1, 54  
limb, craniofacial, and lung development, 54  
nail development and Rspo4, 55  
vasculature and Rspo3, 54–55  
injury repair therapeutic application, 416–417
- knockout mice, 44–45
- Lgr receptor mediation of signaling in stem cells, 259–260
- mechanism of action, 52–54
- structure, 52
- Ryk  
 $\beta$ -catenin-independent Wnt signaling, 134  
topographical map formation in brain, 285–287
- S**
- Schizophrenia, Wnt signaling, 293, 426
- Sclerostin (SOST)  
bone disease mutations, 268–266  
knockout mouse, 44, 437  
overview, 49

- Secreted Frizzled-related proteins (SFRPs)  
*Caenorhabditis elegans*, 183  
developmental function, 47–48  
implantation role in mouse, 218  
knockout mice, 44  
mechanism of action, 46–47  
structure, 46  
therapeutic targeting, 437  
tumor suppression, 47
- SFRPs. *See* Secreted Frizzled-related proteins
- Shisa  
knockout mice, 44  
Wnt signaling inhibition, 50–51
- Skin, Wnt signaling  
anatomy, 320  
development, 319–322, 328  
diseases, 337–338  
hair follicle cycling changes, 328–333  
interfollicular epidermis, 333–335  
melanocyte, 335–337  
mouse mutation models, 323–327  
prospects for study, 338–339
- SLE. *See* Systemic lupus erythematosus
- Smoothened, 66
- Sociology, Wnt research, 14–16
- Somitogenesis, mouse Wnt signaling, 222–223
- SOSDC. *See* Wise
- SOST. *See* Sclerostin
- Sox2, embryonic stem cell self-renewal, 235
- Stem cells. *See* Cancer stem cell; Embryonic stem cell; Hematopoietic stem cell; Intestinal stem cell; Lgr5; Mammary gland
- Stomach  
cancer stem cells, 259  
gastric stem cells, 257–258  
human versus mouse, 251–252
- Synapse. *See* Central nervous system
- SYS-1, 184–185
- Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE),  
Wnt signaling and therapeutic targeting, 431
- T**
- Tail bud, mouse Wnt signaling, 222–223
- Tankyrase, therapeutic targeting, 435
- T cell, Wnt signaling in development, 314–315
- T-cell factor. *See* TCF/LEF
- TCF/LEF  
axis specification and TCF function regulation, 203–204  
 $\beta$ -catenin-binding domain, 106–107  
*Caenorhabditis elegans*, 185–186  
canonical Wnt signaling outside of TCF/LEF, 118–119
- C clamp, 107–108
- DNA-binding domain, 106
- embryonic stem cell  
Tcf3 in self-renewal, 241–242  
Wnt-stabilized  $\beta$ -catenin in Tcf-dependent mechanisms, 242–246
- evolution, 109
- expression regulation, 114–118
- Groucho/transducin-like enhancer of split-binding domain, 108–109
- histone modification regulation, 112–114
- history of study, 13
- intestinal stem cell maintenance by TCF4, 16
- isoforms, 109–110, 115
- LEF-1  
forebrain patterning, 300–301  
melanocyte function, 335
- overview, 105–106
- TCF4, cancer mutations, 397
- therapeutic targeting, 434–436
- transcriptional switch, 110–112
- Tiki1, Wnt signaling inhibition, 51–52
- TNIK, phosphorylation of TCF/LEF, 116–117
- V**
- Vangl, 226–227
- VDR. *See* Vitamin D receptor
- Vestigial (Vg), 169
- Vg. *See* Vestigial
- Vitamin D receptor (VDR),  $\beta$ -catenin binding, 119
- Vps26, 31
- Vps35, 31
- W**
- Waif1/5T4. *See* Wnt-activated inhibitory factor-1
- WIF1. *See* Wnt inhibitory factor-1
- Wingless  
developmental genetics, 6–7  
embryo signaling, 164–168  
gradient formation, 171–172  
morphogen activity, 169–171  
mutants, 167  
neuromuscular junction development, 382, 385–387  
prospects for study, 173  
target genes, 172–173  
vertebrate Wnt comparison, 164  
wing imaginal disc signaling, 168–169
- Wise  
knockout mice, 44  
overview, 48–49
- Wls. *See* Wntless

## Index

### Wnt

agonists and antagonists. *See also specific modulators*  
protein studies, 33  
small molecule studies, 34  
 $\beta$ -catenin-independent signaling  
development, 128–129, 135–136  
mechanisms, 129–135  
canonical signaling overview, 65–66  
*Drosophila*. *See* Wingless  
evolution of pathway. *See* Evolution, Wnt pathway  
extracellular interactions, 32–33  
genes and protein product prediction, 26–27  
Int1 history of study, 3–8  
intracellular processing, 27–28  
purification, 13–14, 33  
secretion, 30–32  
signaling cascade from cell surface to nucleus,  
10–11  
structure, 28–29  
therapeutic targeting  
activation strategies, 436–438  
autoimmune disease and inflammation,  
430–431  
 $\beta$ -catenin-independent signaling, 438  
cancer, 424–426

clinical trials, 429–430  
inhibitors  
downstream signaling inhibition,  
435–436  
identification, 433–434  
overview, 429, 432–433  
proximal signaling inhibition, 434–435  
neurologic disease, 426, 430  
regenerative medicine, 431–432  
tissue functions. *See specific tissues*  
Web page, 16  
Wnt1 gene evolution and development in  
metazoans, 8–9  
Wnt-activated inhibitory factor-1 (Waif1/5T4)  
knockout mice, 44  
Wnt signaling inhibition, 51  
Wnt inhibitory factor-1 (WIF1)  
knockout mice, 44  
overview, 31, 48  
*Wntless* (Wls), 30–32, 182, 386  
Wound healing. *See* Fracture; Injury repair

### Z

ZNRF3, 53–54